

$$\begin{aligned} (R_1 - r)^2 &= e^2 + f^2 \\ (R_2 + r)^2 &= (e - a)^2 + (f - b)^2 \\ (R_3 + r)^2 &= (e - c)^2 + (f - d)^2 \end{aligned}$$

Goal is to find the centre (e, f) coordinates and radius r of a circle which touches the inside of a large circle (origin $(0,0)$) and also two other circles which also touch the inside of the larger circle

$$R_1^2 - 2R_1r + r^2 = e^2 + f^2 \quad (1)$$

$$R_2^2 + 2R_2r + r^2 = e^2 - 2ea + a^2 + f^2 - 2fb + b^2 \quad (2)$$

$$R_3^2 + 2R_3r + r^2 = e^2 - 2ec + c^2 + f^2 - 2fd + d^2 \quad (3)$$

$$R_2^2 + 2R_2r + r^2 - (R_1^2 - 2R_1r + r^2) = e^2 - 2ea + a^2 + f^2 - 2fb + b^2 - (e^2 + f^2)$$

$$R_2^2 - R_1^2 + 2(R_2 + R_1)r = -2ea + a^2 - 2fb + b^2 \quad (4) = (2) - (1)$$

$$R_3^2 + 2R_3r + r^2 - (R_1^2 - 2R_1r + r^2) = e^2 - 2ec + c^2 + f^2 - 2fd + d^2 - (e^2 + f^2)$$

$$R_3^2 - R_1^2 + 2(R_3 + R_1)r = -2ec + c^2 - 2fd + d^2 \quad (5) = (3) - (1)$$

$$R_2^2d - R_1^2d + 2(R_2 + R_1)dr = -2ead + a^2d - 2fbd + b^2d \quad (6) = d(4)$$

$$R_3^2b - R_1^2b + 2(R_3 + R_1)br = -2ecb + c^2b - 2fdb + d^2b \quad (7) = b(5)$$

$$(R_2^2 - R_1^2)d - (R_3^2 - R_1^2)b + 2r\{(R_2 + R_1)d - (R_3 + R_1)b\} = a^2d - c^2b + b^2d - d^2b + 2e(cb - ad)$$

$$\therefore e = A + Br \quad (8) = (6) - (7)$$

$$A = \frac{(R_2^2 - R_1^2)d - (R_3^2 - R_1^2)b + c^2b + d^2b - a^2d - b^2d}{2(cb - ad)}$$

$$B = \frac{(R_2 + R_1)d - (R_3 + R_1)b}{cb - ad}$$

$$R_2^2c - R_1^2c + 2(R_2 + R_1)cr = -2eca + a^2c - 2fbc + b^2c \quad (9) = c(4)$$

$$R_3^2a - R_1^2a + 2(R_3 + R_1)ar = -2eca + c^2a - 2fda + d^2a \quad (10) = a(5)$$

$$(R_2^2 - R_1^2)c - (R_3^2 - R_1^2)a + 2r\{(R_2 + R_1)c - (R_3 + R_1)a\} = a^2c - c^2a + b^2c - d^2a + 2f(da - bc)$$

$$\therefore f = C + Dr \quad (11) = (9) - (10)$$

$$C = \frac{(R_2^2 - R_1^2)c - (R_3^2 - R_1^2)a + c^2a + d^2a - a^2c - b^2c}{2(da - bc)}$$

$$D = \frac{(R_2 + R_1)c - (R_3 + R_1)a}{da - bc}$$

$$R_1^2 - 2R_1r + r^2 = e^2 + f^2 \quad (1)$$

$$R_1^2 - 2R_1r + r^2 = (A + Br)^2 + (C + Dr)^2 \quad \text{Substitute for } e = A + Br \text{ and } f = C + Dr$$

$$R_1^2 - 2R_1r + r^2 = A^2 + 2ABr + B^2r^2 + C^2 + 2CDr + D^2r^2$$

$$(1 - B^2 - D^2)r^2 + (-2R_1 - 2AB - 2CD)r + R_1^2 - A^2 - C^2 = 0$$

$$\therefore \alpha r^2 + \beta r + \gamma = 0$$

$$\alpha = 1 - B^2 - D^2$$

$$\beta = -2R_1 - 2AB - 2CD$$

$$\gamma = R_1^2 - A^2 - C^2$$

$$\therefore r = \frac{-\beta \pm \sqrt{\beta^2 - 4\alpha\gamma}}{2\alpha}$$

$$e = A + Br$$

$$f = C + Dr$$

Check of three circle intersection code

