

Bohr model of a hydrogenic atom

Dr French. March 2017.

$$E_n = -\frac{m_e Z^2 e^4}{8\epsilon_0^2 h^2} \frac{1}{n^2} \approx \frac{-13.6\text{eV}}{n^2}$$

Energy levels of a single electron (of charge e) bound to a nucleus of charge Z x e

$$\lambda_{nm} = \frac{8\epsilon_0^2 h^3 c}{m_e Z^2 e^4} \left(\frac{1}{m^2} - \frac{1}{n^2} \right)^{-1}$$

Wavelength of photons emitted as a results of a transition of electron energy from state n to state m. Note m < n since E becomes more negative (i.e. electron is more bound) when quantum number n decreases.

$$\begin{aligned} \epsilon_0 &= 8.854187817 \times 10^{-12} \text{ Fm}^{-1} \\ e &= 1.6021766208(98) \times 10^{-19} \text{ C} \\ c &= 2.99792458 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1} \\ h &= 6.626070040(81) \times 10^{-34} \text{ kgm}^2\text{s}^{-1} \\ m_e &= 9.10938356(11) \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg} \end{aligned}$$

Alternatively, the frequencies of photons *absorbed* to promote an electron from energy state m to energy state n

Electron mass /kg	9.1093835611E-31
charge on electron /C	1.6021766209E-19
Planck's constant /Js	6.6260700408E-34
Permittivity of free space	8.8541878170E-12
Speed of light /ms^-1	2.99792458E+08

A	13.6056930149 eV
B	91.12670503 nm

$$\begin{aligned} E_n &= -\frac{Z^2}{n^2} \times A \\ A &= 13.605693015 \text{ eV} \\ \lambda_{nm} &= B \times \frac{1}{Z^2} \left(\frac{1}{m^2} - \frac{1}{n^2} \right)^{-1} \\ B &= 91.12670503 \text{ nm} \end{aligned}$$

It is almost always a good idea to write complicated formulae in terms of a quantity of the same dimensions you want (e.g. energy in eV or wavelength in nm) times some dimensionless constant

Z	Number of protons	1
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Niels Bohr
1885-1962
Nobel Prize 1922

n	Photon wavelengths /nm									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1										
2	121.502									
3	102.518	656.1123								
4	97.2018	486.0091	1874.607							
5	94.9237	433.9367	1281.469	4050.076						
6	93.7303	410.0702	1093.52	2624.449	7455.821					
7	93.0252	396.9074	1004.672	2164.95	4651.259	12365.19				
8	92.5732	388.8073	954.3451	1944.036	3738.531	7498.426	19051.56			
9	92.2658	383.4422	922.6579	1816.926	3295.207	5905.01	11302.56	27788.28		
10	92.0472	379.6946	901.2531	1735.747	3037.557	5125.877	8755.311	16200.3	38848.75	
infinite	91.1267	364.5068	820.1403	1458.027	2278.168	3280.561	4465.209	5832.109	7381.263	9112.671
	Lyman	Balmer	Paschen	Brackett	Pfund	Humphrey's				
	UV	Visible	IR	IR	IR	IR				

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photon emissions: Z = 1

