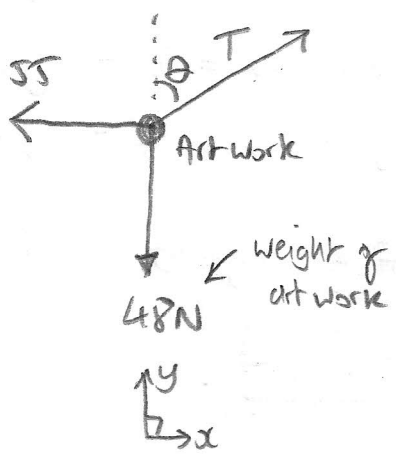


FORCES & MOMENTS

1/ (i)

System in equilibrium.



Newton II:

$$\parallel x: 0 = T \sin \theta - 55$$

$$\parallel y: 0 = T \cos \theta - 48$$

$$T \sin \theta = 55$$

$$T \cos \theta = 48$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{55}{48}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{55}{48} \right) = \boxed{48.90}$$

$$T^2 \sin^2 \theta + T^2 \cos^2 \theta = 55^2 + 48^2$$

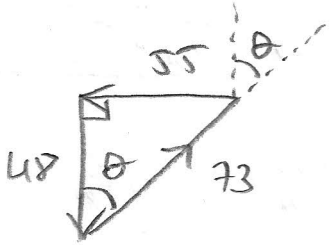
$$\therefore T^2 (\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta) = 5329$$

↑
= 1

$$\therefore T = \sqrt{5329}$$

$$\boxed{T = 73 \text{ N}}$$

Note:



ie vector sum of forces is a closed triangle since system is in equilibrium

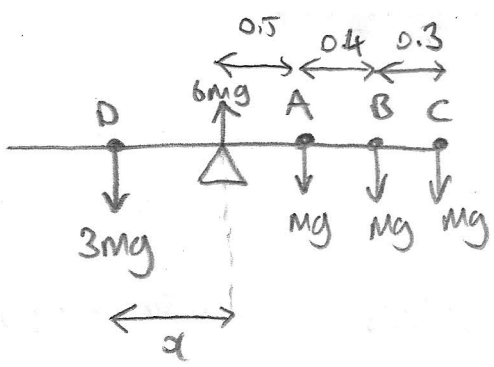
$$\text{Also } 73^2 = 55^2 + 48^2 \Rightarrow 73, 55, 48$$

is a Pythagorean Triple.

And since the artwork is in Samas, so is this question!

(ii)

↓ g



Net turning moment about pivot = 0

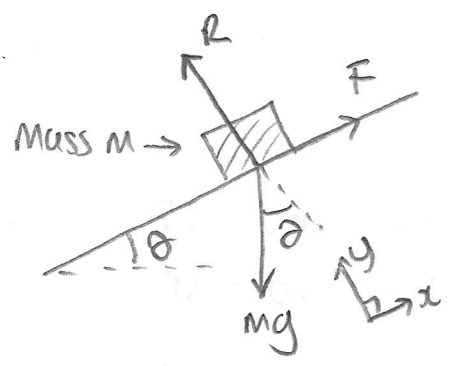
$$\therefore 3mgx = 0.5mg + 0.9mg + 1.2mg$$

$$3x = 2.6$$

Hence:

$$\boxed{x = 0.87 \text{ m}}$$

(iii)



$\downarrow g$

Newton II, assuming equilibrium

$$\parallel x: 0 = F - mg \sin \theta$$

$$\parallel y: 0 = R - mg \cos \theta$$

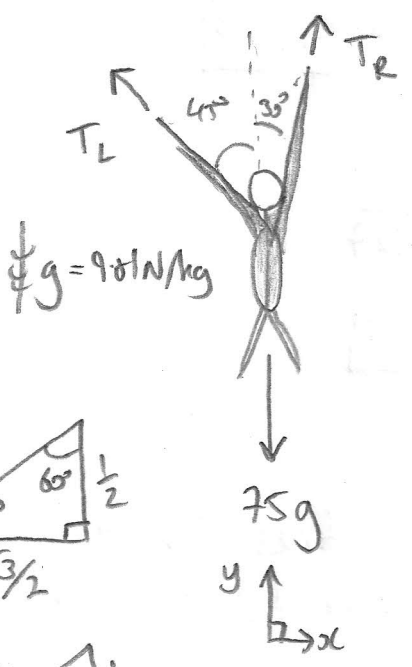
$$\text{so } F = mg \sin \theta \quad R = mg \cos \theta$$

Now mass won't slide if $F < \mu R$.

$$\therefore mg \sin \theta < \mu mg \cos \theta$$

$$\boxed{\tan \theta < \mu}$$

(iv)

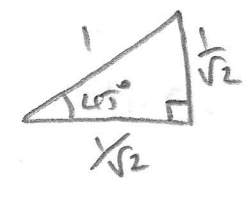
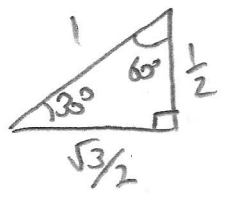


Climber is in equilibrium

\therefore Newton II

$$\parallel x: 0 = T_R \sin 30^\circ - T_L \sin 45^\circ$$

$$\parallel y: 0 = T_R \cos 30^\circ + T_L \cos 45^\circ - 75g$$



$$\therefore T_R/2 = T_L/\sqrt{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{T_R = T_L \sqrt{2}}$$

$$\therefore 75g = T_L \sqrt{2} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + T_L/\sqrt{2}$$

$$75g = \frac{T_L \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{T_L}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$75\sqrt{2}g = T_L(\sqrt{3}+1)$$

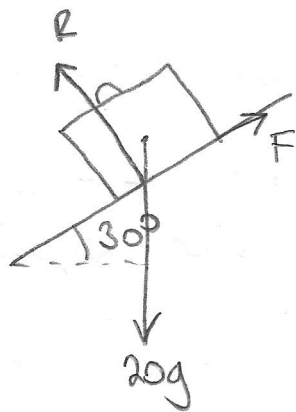
$$\boxed{\frac{75\sqrt{2}g}{\sqrt{3}+1} = T_L}$$

$$\therefore T_R = \sqrt{2} T_L = \boxed{\frac{150g}{\sqrt{3}+1}}$$

$$\therefore T_R = \boxed{381 \text{ N}} \quad T_L = \boxed{537 \text{ N}} \quad (\text{to } 3 \text{ s.f.})$$

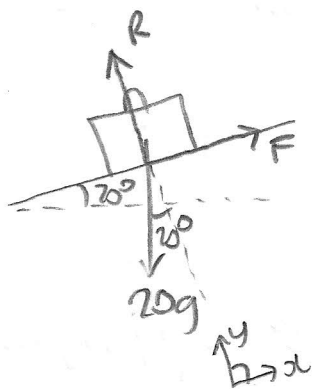
(v)

↓ g



on the part of sliding. so $F = \mu R$
 and $\mu = \tan 30^\circ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \approx \boxed{0.577}$

↓ g



Since elevation of ramp is $< 30^\circ$, assume static equilibrium.

∴ by Newton II

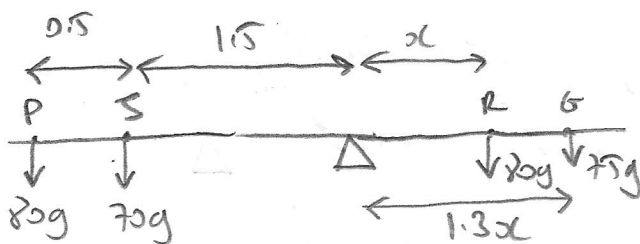
$$\parallel x: 0 = F - 20g \sin 20^\circ$$

$$\parallel y: 0 = R - 20g \cos 20^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow F = 20g \sin 20^\circ = \boxed{67.1 \text{ N}}$$

$$R = 20g \cos 20^\circ = \boxed{184.4 \text{ N}}$$

(vi)



Balancing turning moments about the see-saw pivot

$$2 \times 80 + 1.5 \times 70 = 80x + 75 \times 1.3x$$

$$265 = 177.5x$$

$$\boxed{1.49 = x}$$

∴ separation between Paul and George is:

$$0.5 + 1.5 + 1.3 \times x = \boxed{3.94 \text{ m}}$$

