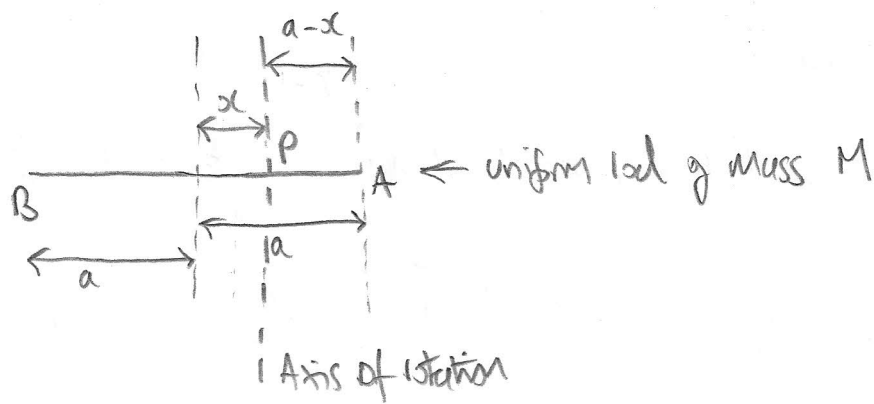


10/



Moment of inertia about  $P$  is  $\int_0^{a-x} z^2 \rho dz + \int_0^{a+x} z^2 \rho dz = I$

$\rho = \frac{M}{2a}$  i.e. mass  
per unit length

i.e. " $\sum mr^2$ "

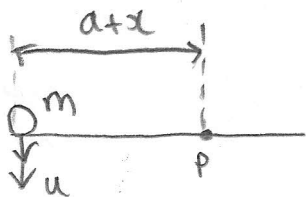
$$I = \frac{1}{3} \frac{M}{2a} \left( (a-x)^3 + (a+x)^3 \right)$$

$$I = \frac{1}{3} \frac{M}{2a} \left( a^3 - 3a^2x + 3ax^2 - x^3 + a^3 + 3a^2x + 3ax^2 + x^3 \right)$$

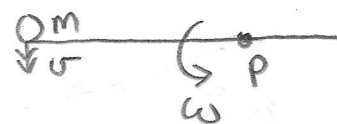
$$I = \frac{1}{3} \frac{M}{2a} (2a^3 + 6ax^2)$$

$$I = \frac{1}{3} M (a^2 + 3x^2)$$

BEFORE



AFTER



Conservation of angular momentum

$$mu(a+x) = mvr(a+x) + \frac{1}{3} M (a^2 + 3x^2) \omega$$

Restitution

$$e = \frac{\text{Speed of separation}}{\text{Speed of approach}} = \frac{(a+x)\omega - v}{u}$$

$$\text{So } v = (a+x)\omega - eu$$

$$\therefore mu(a+x) = m \left( (a+x)\omega - eu \right) (a+x) + \frac{1}{3} M(a^2+3x^2)\omega$$

$$mu(a+x) + meu(a+x) = \omega \left( m(a+x)^2 + \frac{1}{3} M(a^2+3x^2) \right)$$

$$\therefore \omega = \frac{mu(a+x)(1+e)}{m(a+x)^2 + \frac{1}{3} M(a^2+3x^2)}$$

$$\omega = \frac{3mu(1+e)(a+x)}{M(a^2+3x^2) + 3m(a+x)^2}$$

as required

$$\text{let } m = 2M \quad \therefore \omega = \frac{6u(1+e)(a+x)}{a^2+3x^2 + 6(a^2+2ax+x^2)}$$

$$\omega = \frac{6u(1+e)(a+x)}{7a^2 + 9x^2 + 12ax}$$

$$\frac{d\omega}{dx} = \frac{(7a^2 + 9x^2 + 12ax)(6u(1+e)) - 6u(1+e)(a+x)(18x + 12a)}{(7a^2 + 9x^2 + 12ax)^2}$$

$$\frac{d\omega}{dx} = 0 \quad \text{when } \omega \text{ is maximized} \quad (\text{guess stationary point is a maximum})$$

$$\text{i.e. } 7a^2 + 9x^2 + 12ax - 18ax - 18x^2 - 12a^2 - 12ax = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 9x^2 + 18ax + 5a^2 = 0$$

$$(3x + 5a)(3x + a) = 0$$

$$\text{So } x = -\frac{a}{3} \text{ or } -\frac{5a}{3}$$

Now  $a - x \geq 0$  Since  $P$  must be between  $B$  and  $A$

$$\therefore x \leq a \quad \checkmark$$

Also  $a - x \leq 2a \Rightarrow x \geq -a$

Now  $-\frac{5}{3}a < -a$  so only  $\boxed{x = -\frac{a}{3}}$  is feasible

$$\therefore w_{\max} = \frac{6u(1+e)(a - \frac{a}{3})}{7a^2 + 9(-\frac{a}{3})^2 + 12a(-\frac{a}{3})}$$

$$= \frac{6u(1+e)a \times \frac{2}{3}}{7a^2 + a^2 - 4a^2}$$

$$= \frac{4a u(1+e)}{4a^2}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{u(1+e)}{a}} \quad \text{as required.}$$